

LESSON PLAN

Subject :- TH:3 Control System Engineering (Code) TH-3 **Name of faculty:-** Er Bikram Keshari Parida

Semester :-6th

Class allotted 4p/w

Branch :- Electrical Engineering

Discipline	Semester:-6 TH	From date:-23/12/25 To date:18/4/26	
Subject:CSE	No. of days/ per week 4p/w:	Theory –Topics/Lesson	45P/45H
DATE	PERIOD	TOPIC COVERED	REMARKS

23/12/25 to 15/1/26		<p>1. FUNDAMENTAL OF CONTROL SYSTEM</p> <p>1.1. Classification of Control system</p> <p>1.2. Open loop system & Closed loop system and its comparison</p> <p>1.3. Effects of Feed back</p> <p>1.4. Standard test Signals(Step, Ramp, Parabolic, Impulse Functions)</p> <p>1.5. Servomechanism</p> <p>2. MATHEMATICAL MODEL OF A SYSTEM</p> <p>Transfer Function & Impulse response, Properties,</p> <p>Advantages & Disadvantages of Transfer Function Poles & Zeroes of transfer Function</p> <p>Simple problems of transfer function of network.</p> <p>Mathematical modeling of Electrical Systems(R, L, C, Analogous systems)</p>	
16/1/26 to 07/02/26		<p>3. CONTROL SYSTEM COMPONENTS</p> <p>Components of Control System Gyroscope,</p> <p>Synchros,</p> <p>Tachometer,</p> <p>DC servomotors,</p> <p>Ac Servomotors.</p> <p>4. BLOCK DIAGRAM ALGEBRA & SIGNAL FLOW GRAPHS</p> <p>Definition: Basic Elements of Block Diagram</p> <p>Canonical Form of Closed loop Systems</p> <p>Rules for Block diagram reduction</p> <p>Procedure for of Reduction of Block Diagram</p> <p>Simple Problem for equivalent transfer function</p>	

		<p>Basic Definition in Signal Flow Graph & properties</p> <p>Construction of Signal Flow graph from Block diagram</p> <p>Mason's Gain formula</p> <p>Simple problems in Signal flow graph for network</p>	
09/02/26 to 27/02/26		<p>5. TIME RESPONSE ANALYSIS.</p> <p>5 . 1 Time response of control system.</p> <p>5 . 2 Standard Test signal.</p> <p>5.2.1. Step signal,</p> <p>5.2.2. Ramp Signal</p> <p>5.2.3. Parabolic Signal</p> <p>5.2.4. Impulse Signal</p> <p>5 . 3 Time Response of first order system with:</p> <p>5.3.1. Unit step response</p> <p>5.3.2. Unit impulse response.</p> <p>5 . 4 Time response of second order system to the unit step input.</p> <p>5.4.1. Time response specification.</p> <p>5.4.2. Derivation of expression for rise time, peak time, peak overshoot, settling time and steady state error.</p> <p>5.4.3. Steady state error and error constants.</p> <p>5 . 5 Types of control system.[Steady state errors in Type-0, Type-1, Type-2 system]</p> <p>5 . 6 Effect of adding poles and zero to transfer function.</p> <p>5 . 7 Response with P, PI, PD and PID controller.</p> <p>6. ANALYSIS OF STABILITY BY ROOT LOCUS TECHNIQUE.</p> <p>6 . 1 Root locus concept.</p> <p>6 . 2 Construction of root loci.</p> <p>6 . 3 Rules for construction of the root locus.</p> <p>6 . 4 Effect of adding poles and zeros to $G(s)$ and $H(s)$.</p>	
28/02/26 to 21/03/26		<p>7. FREQUENCY RESPONSE ANALYSIS.</p> <p>7 . 1 Correlation between time response and frequency response.</p> <p>7 . 2 Polar plots.</p> <p>7 . 3 Bode plots.</p> <p>7 . 4 All pass and minimum phase system.</p> <p>7 . 5 Computation of Gain margin and phase margin.</p> <p>7 . 6 Log magnitude versus phase plot.</p> <p>7 . 7 Closed loop frequency response.</p>	

23/03/26 to 18/4/26		8. NYQUIST PLOT 8.1 Principle of argument. 8.2 Nyquist stability criterion. 8.3 Niquist stability criterion applied to inverse polar plot. 8.4 Effect of addition of poles and zeros to $G(S)$ $H(S)$ on the shape of Niquist plot. 8.5 Assessment of relative stability. 8.6 Constant M and N circle 8.7 Nicholas chart.	
Signature of HOD		Signature of Faculty	